at the June 1 enumeration a small area in Saskatchewan with 654 inhabitants was not covered and had to be enumerated later. The 1936 figures as published for Saskatchewan in the 1937 Year Book should therefore be corrected by adding 654 to the total rural population there published. An adjustment is also to be made to the urban population by deducting 98 on account of disorganized urban centres; this is also to be added to the rural. The total difference to the rural population is therefore an addition of 752 and that to the urban a deduction of 98, the net result being an addition to the provincial total of 654. Normally the tables would have been republished in this edition, but the error was not apparent until most of the Year Book had been 'made-up'. In Volumes I and II of the 1936 Census, the figures are published in final form.

As the composition of the population of the three provinces, taken as a unit, cross classified according to racial origin and birthplace, is of general interest, the following table has been specially compiled for the Year Book. It shows the birthplaces of both the rural and urban populations for each of the principal racial strains making up the population of the Prairie Provinces. Of the total population of 2,415,545, the number of persons of British racial origin was 1,189,612 or $49 \cdot 2$ p.c., of whom 1,120,242, or 94 p.c. ($46 \cdot 4$ p.c. of the total) were born in Canada or in other British lands. The percentage born in Canada was 75. The population of French origin numbered 137,778, or $5 \cdot 7$ p.c. of the total, the great majority being Canadian-born.

Other important elements in the population are the German, Ukrainian, and Scandinavian racial strains, amounting to 12.8 p.c., 9.4 p.c., and 6.8 p.c., respectively. By place of birth, the population is divided as follows: Canada, 1,648,490, or 68.3 p.c.; other British countries, 275,820, or 11.4 p.c.; U.S.A., 152,908, or 6.3 p.c.; and other foreign countries, 338,327, or 14.0 p.c. From the information presented below, the reader will be able to make further analyses, according to the particular phase of the subject in which he may be interested.

27.—Rural and Urban Population of the Prairie Provinces, by Racial Origin, Birthplace, and Sex, as at June 1, 1936.

Racial Origin.	Born in Canada,		Born in Other British Countries.		Born in the United States.		Born in Other Foreign Countries.	
	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.
British—								
English	108,158 93,496			46,499 41,904	10,913 8,771	4,984 6,164	179 97	129 146
IrishM.	67, 164 53, 120	44,003	7,598	7,940 6,644	8,004	3,534 3,796	31	30
Scottish	72,027	56,671	19,148	21,239	5,394	2,626	43	23 58
Other, F.	59,041 3,506	58,586 3,106	13,210 2,461	19,345 2,147		2,836 339	25 29	56 15
F. F. M.	2,944 46,050	2,927 16,617	1,250 94	1,491 101	401 3,660	293 1.310	24 2,928	16 947
F.1	39,714	18,086		96	3,079	1,897	2.088	1,038
Austrian	3,634 3,199	1,432 1,693	Nil	4 2	126 88	25 47	2,665 1,590	1,312 943
BelgianM.	2,950 2,769		3	2 3 5	127 104	24 32	2,440 1,647	867 738
Czech and Slovak	2,479	936	6	2	410	106	3,277	1,222
Dutch, M.	2,189 18,203	4,314	Nil 26	24		129 755	1,873 4,186	698 1,189
Finnish	16,606 1,443	4,578 130	24 1	Nil	1,472 294	739 31	3,001 1,214	981 191
German F.	1,260 78,977		Nıl 99	87	233	66	764	163
F.	73,141	24,335	86	69	14,708 11,308	3,419 4,030	24,448	10,463 9,948
HebrewM.	533 444			161 170	10 20	233 269	513 410	5,834 6,078